



- Ambulatory, but may use a cane or similar for support
- Independent, can clean and dress himself
- Can tire quickly
- Stimulation of abilities is very important







- Uses walking frame or similar
- Can support herself to some degree
- Dependent on carer who is present in demanding situations
- Not physically demanding for carer*
- Stimulation of remaining abilities (e.g. ambulation)

is very important

* Barbara in bariatric care is physically demanding for carer



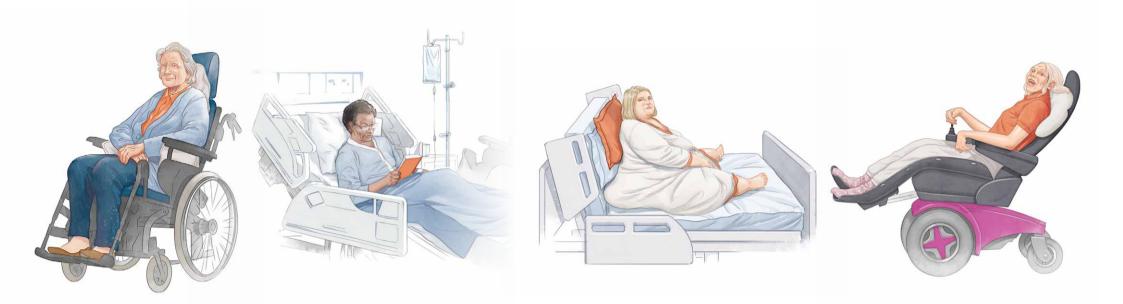




- Sits in wheelchair
- Is able to partially bear weight on at least one leg
- Has some trunk stability
- Dependent on carer in most situations
- Physically demanding for carer*
- Stimulation of remaining abilities is very important

* Carl in bariatric care is very physically demanding for carer

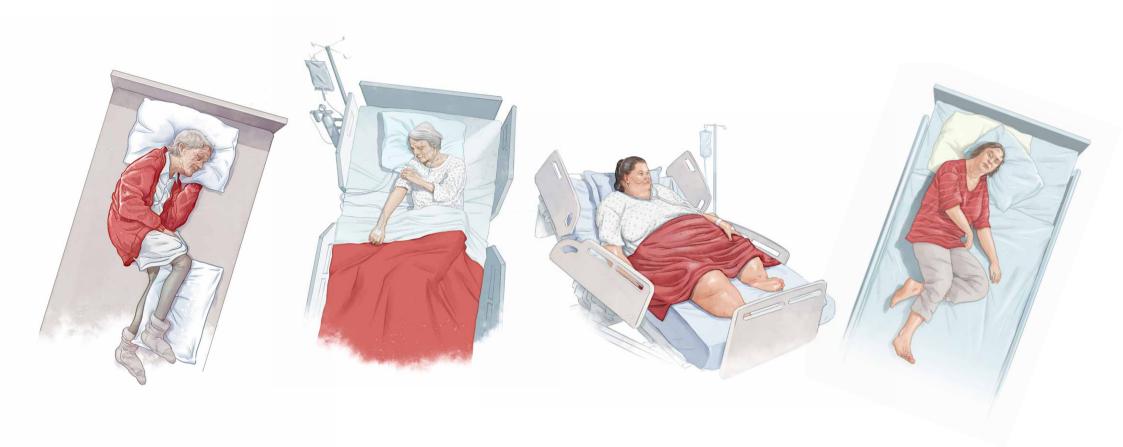






- Sits in wheelchair*
- No capacity to support herself
- Cannot stand unsupported and unable to bear weight, even partially
- Dependent on carer in most situations
- Physically demanding for carer**
- Stimulation of remaining abilities is very important
- * Doris in acute care is able to sit in a wheelchair
- ** Doris in bariatric care is extremely physically demanding for carer







- Passive
- Might be almost completely bedridden
- Often stiff, contracted joints
- Totally dependent
- Physically demanding for carer*
- Stimulation and activation is not a primary goal

* Emma in bariatric care is extremely physically demanding for carer



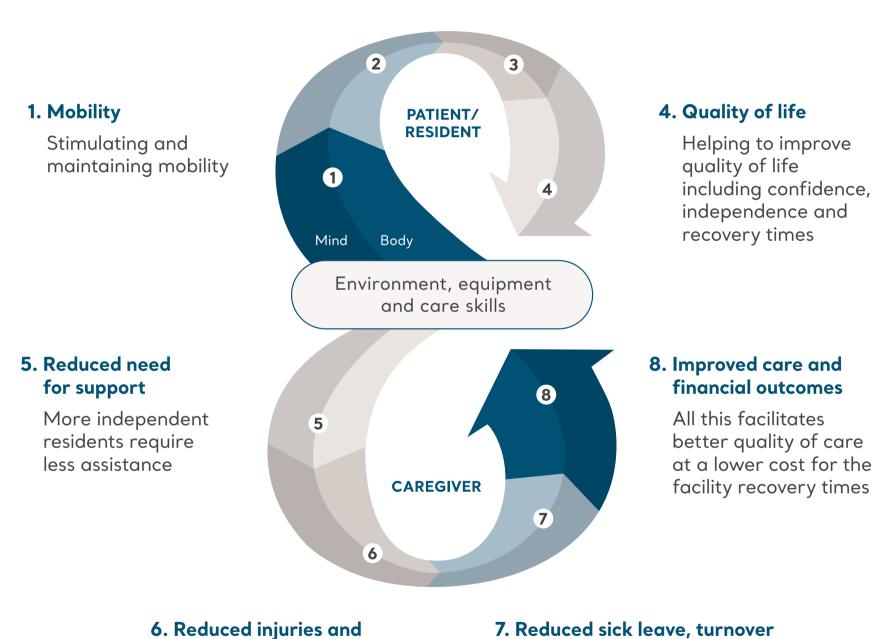
Positive Eight

2. Improved vital functions

Stimulating vital bodily functions such as heart, lungs, circulation, bone and muscle structure

3. Reduced consequences of immobility

Minimising the risk of costly health complications, both physical and psychological



improved efficiency

Reducing physical strain and freeing up time

and compensation claims

In the right environment and using the right equipment, and care skills can contribute

